

# THE ROSWELL DAILY RECORD.

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ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO, WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 7, 1906.

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**A Big Line of Men's and Ladies' Rubber Goods of all Kinds at Price & Co.**

## WATER AND GAS

**CITY COUNCIL WILL SETTLE THESE MATTERS TO-DAY.**

### THE CITY HALL

**This Question Up Last Night, But Was Not Settled.—Monthly Bills Allowed, and Other Important Matters Disposed of by the Council.**

The City Council met in regular monthly session last night at the office of City Clerk Beck, with Mayor Hinkle, Councilmen Wyllis, Johnson, Ogle, Ullery, Burns and City Attorney Scott present. Messrs. Church and Brooks later appeared.

The report of Police Judge Bailey was read, showing that fines to the amount of thirty-eight dollars had been collected by him during the month. The following bills were allowed and ordered paid:

Daniel & Daniel, drugs, .....	\$0.75
A. M. Robertson, freight, .....	2.90
W. P. Lewis, dynamite caps, .....	7.75
E. T. Amonett, fire dept. sup., .....	1.00
J. F. Patterson, repairs fire dept., .....	1.90
Electric Light Co. St. Its., .....	289.55
Roswell Wool & H. Co., coal, .....	10.00
Pecos Valley Drug Co., drugs, .....	4.50
Payton Drug Co., time check, .....	4.45
Payton Drug Co., time check, .....	7.50
L. K. McGaffey, library ins., .....	60.00
S. P. Johnson, street work, .....	12.00
Kemp Lumber Co., lumber, .....	54.75
New Mexican Co., printing, .....	6.00
L. B. Craig, library cem. walk, .....	59.96
Roswell Lbr. Co., hay, fire dept., .....	12.92
J. W. Willson, cash adv. library, .....	94.88
Kellahin & Calfee, library ins., .....	60.00
W. T. Keener, sanitation book, .....	5.00
John C. Peck, collection fees, .....	164.08
J. J. Rascoe, fees collection, .....	44.45
Record Pub. Co., printing, .....	5.05
W. M. Fyfe, hauling, .....	4.05
K. S. Woodruff, city prisoners board, .....	82.25
Whiteman Bros., grain, fire dept., .....	11.45
S. L. & W. W. Ogle, hardware, .....	6.75
Lucius Dills, fees, .....	51.65
Time checks for street work, .....	33.00
H. P. Dodge, street work, .....	272.75
H. P. Dodge, work on Hondo, .....	640.00

A number of other bills not being satisfactorily attested were laid over until correction was made. The bill of H. P. Dodge for work on the Hondo comes out of the money appropriated by the Territory for aid in suppressing floods from the Hondo river. It developed that the county officials had drawn on the Territorial treasurer for the full amount, \$3,000, and that that official had returned the warrant unpaid with the information that there was not sufficient money there to pay it, there being only about \$700 on hand, but that if the county would draw for it as it came in he would pay it. It was understood that the city had arranged to do this. City Clerk Beck was instructed to hand in to the county for payment an itemized statement of the amounts paid by the city for the prevention of floods from the Hondo.

A bill amounting to twenty-three dollars for fees and costs in the final settlement of the ditch cases was presented and ordered paid. Also several bills for medical attendance and care of paupers were ordered to be turned over to the county.

The report of City Physician Phillips was read, showing a total of nine deaths and eleven births during January.

The resolution for the issuance of bonds to the amount of \$15,000 for the erection of a city hall with fire department quarters and jail, and the purchase of a lot for same, was taken up. Mr. Ogle opposed the location of the building on the lot proposed and said that the lot east of the Presbyterian church could be secured for \$1,300, the lot being 49½ by 135 feet.

Mr. Church thought that the site of the present fire house was a better one, and more ground could be purchased there very reasonably. He was, however, opposed to the plan at the present time.

Mr. Ogle said he also was opposed to buying any lot at the present time.

Clarence Ullery, of the committee, made quite a little talk in favor of the proposition. The location suggested by the committee, the southeast corner of Pecos avenue and Fourth street, was pre-eminently the best one. It was central and suited the fire department and was convenient to the court house. The City Hall was badly needed at the present time. It was an economical proposition. It was due the business men of the town that better fire protection be given them, and it was the duty of the city to do it. The fire department must have a good house in which to care for their apparatus. He was heartily in favor of the idea as presented, and asked that it be laid before the people for their approval. If the resolution was not carried by the Council he intended to introduce a resolution to build a fire house at a cost of from three to four thousand dollars. The lot next the fire house could, he was informed, be bought for \$500.

Mr. Church was strongly opposed to the city hall project. He was, though, in favor of improving the fire department. It could be done, however, at a very moderate cost. The present location was the best, and he didn't believe bonds could be voted.

Mayor Hinkle remarked that he was opposed to the plan on the grounds of economy. If the town grows the building would not be big enough, and besides it would take at least \$2,000 a year to maintain it. The town had all it could handle at present. The sewer system would have to be extended within the year, and the city would need all its money for indispensables. He did not believe the bonds could be voted.

Attorney Scott said the city could vote bonds for \$15,000 under the law for a city hall. The bond limit at present was about \$51,000 for purposes of all kinds.

It was suggested by Mr. Ogle that as the present council had but two more regular meetings before election, that the matter be passed over to the new Council. This was opposed by Mr. Ullery.

A way out of the difficulty was brought up by Mr. Brooks, who offered an amendment to the resolution to the effect that the city drop the building plan at present and buy the lot suggested by the committee, lot 14, block 17. The idea being to secure the lot now and hold it until the city could see its way clear to erecting a building on it. The question was not settled, however, but will be taken up later.

Messrs. Reynolds and Chipley, who are asking for a franchise for a water works system, were present, and asked that their franchise be brought up. In answer to a question Reynolds said that the amended franchise by the city was not quite to suit him, but it was not bad. He offered a new franchise along the same lines.

After some discussion it was agreed that the committee of the Council in charge of the matter should meet Messrs. Reynolds and Chipley this afternoon at two o'clock in the office of City Attorney Scott, and there go over the matter, and that a meeting should be held tonight with the City Council and there settle the matter.

The franchise sought for a gas plant by H. S. Farnsworth was taken up. It provides that the franchise shall run for twenty-five years, and that Mr. Farnsworth shall be allowed the use of the streets and alleys for gas mains, with the usual restrictions in regard to excavating and restoring them to their former condition.

The actual work shall begin in 90 days after the confirmation of the franchise by the voters of the city. Two miles of mains shall be laid in six months. Eighteen candle power gas shall be furnished for two dollars per thousand. The city hall and fire house shall be piped and furnished gas free.

Mayor and within thirty days thereafter the election shall be held by the voters.

This was the second reading of the ordinance, and it was then read the third time by title.

Mr. Ogle asked that the matter be delayed until today, and it was finally agreed that Mr. Farnsworth should meet a committee from the Council at 3:30 this afternoon at the office of City Attorney Scott, and that the ordinance would be disposed of tonight after the water question had been settled.

Mr. Wyllis said he had been requested by James Garrard, of the North Spring River Center ditch, to say that they would like the Council to agree to the filling of the ditch from Pennsylvania avenue to the railroad. He himself was opposed to granting this. They had a signed contract with the ditch people and expected them to live up to it.

The Council was not willing to agree to this proposal, and so expressed itself. The opinion was also expressed that the contract made with the ditch people should be taken before Judge Pope, and if possible have it embodied in an order of court.

A bill for the plowing of the City Park along Spring River was presented for \$10.15 and ordered paid. It was suggested by Mr. Wyllis that he be allowed to buy trees and have them planted in the park. This was adopted on motion of Mr. Johnson.

Mayor Hinkle remarked that there was two vacancies on the park board and that he would fill them at once. Ike Gronski applied for permission to run a phonograph in his billiard hall. The law being against this it was refused.

A recess was then taken until seven o'clock.

### MINING ACTIVITY.

**Nogal is Taking on New Life and New Companies are Preparing to Work Extensively.**

Nogal, N. M., Feb. 7.—The mining activity here is greater than it has been for years, and new life is to be seen on all sides. Among the recent companies that have taken out incorporation papers is the Independence Mining Company, of Nogal. The capital is \$1,500,000, and the incorporators and directors are J. B. Leasure, W. W. Jennings, E. H. Kennedy, John G. Muse, E. G. Gage of Larned, Kan., and Leroy Lamy, of Nogal.

**See Joyce-Pruit Co. counter of bargains in Valenciennes Laces, Embroideries and Lace Appliques and Fancy Band Trimmings.**

**"Harry Tracy, the Bandit," Tonight.**  
"Hooligan's Troubles, as presented by the National Stock Company last night on Main street, in the Plant Building, was fun and nothing but fun. The paper tearing specialty was as clever a specialty as was ever put before Roswell playgoers. The company tonight will present the sensational melodrama, "Harry Tracy, the Bandit."

**A Two Course Luncheon.**  
Miss Bettie Ogle was the hostess yesterday afternoon at a two course luncheon. Those present were Misses Alda Smith, Campbell, Totzek, Davidson, Winston, Nell Winston, Pendleton, of Gonzales, Texas, Cora McCain, Mrs. Marr, Mrs. Leland.

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 7.—E. H. Harriman, A. W. Foster and E. P. Ripley, of the Santa Fe railroad, have it is said agreed upon a general plan for railroad extension into northern territory. A new company is being organized, according to report, which is to do three things: first, to take over Ripley's San Francisco and Northwestern line with its valuable Eureka terminals; second, to take over Harriman & Foster's California and Northwestern line between Willets and Tiburon and this city, and probably the North Shore or Sausalito road; third, to build a 100-mile gap north of Willets to connect with Ripley's road 31 miles south of Eureka. The new company will eventually reach Portland.

D. B. Jackson, of the Pecos Valley Meat Market, returned this morning from El Paso.

**R. H. McCune, Notary Public.**

## LAST DAY OF DEBATE

**VOTE TO BE TAKEN IN HOUSE ON RATE BILL.**

### THE SPEECHES

**Cockran Makes a Hit.—Senator Patterson Attempts to Explain His Bolt.—Tillman Takes a Hand.**

Washington, D. C., Feb. 7.—There was no delay for preliminary business in the house today, the railroad bill being taken up at 11 o'clock, and the last day of the general debate was begun. The program included speeches by Bourke Cockran, of New York, Mann of Illinois, Williams of Mississippi, and Hepburn of Iowa.

Cockran announced his position in favor of the bill. While he did not consider it a panacea for all evils, it was a most wholesome manifestation of unanimous public determination to deal with rate evils. It was the only means by which public ownership could be stopped and checked. "The most plausible argument of the Socialists is the history of railroad management in this country," he said. "It is a history of favoritism, of corruption, and of fraud." In spite of this he would not say that the railroads had not rendered enormous service, but they had not been as efficient as they should. His next assertion was that the railway influences dominated both parties.

He showed how representatives of wealth ignore the courts and dominate state administrations. The very court which had dropped the proceedings against H. H. Rogers had next day issued a most vigorous injunction against the striking printers. In this connection he reviewed the Northern Securities decision which he said declared the representatives of the combination to be criminals and conspirators. The fact that no criminal proceedings had been begun was dwelt on at length, and jail sentence for debts and the conviction of the railroads for "mere indiscretions" were contrasted. His compliments were paid to Rockefeller, "At once the richest and most despised of our whole population."

Universal applause greeted Cockran's conclusion, and after an informal congratulatory reception to him, Representative Mann of Illinois, took the floor.

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**Senator Patterson Explains Bolt.**  
Washington, D. C., Feb. 7.—In anticipation of a spirited debate of Patterson's resolution declaring against the policy of a caucus juggling in disposing of treaties with foreign nations, the senate galleries were almost filled when the senate was called to order today. Many arrived before the doors were opened. Senator Patterson was promptly recognized by the chair. He began with a few words of a personal nature, saying there was nothing he disliked more than to inject his personality into a public question, but at times such a course was necessary. "I will take new conditions into consideration and intend to do as I think I should." He had, he said supposed that his remarks on the Santo Domingo treaty would be passed over as inconsequential, but the action of the Democratic caucus last Saturday had made it evident to him that he fell directly within the censure of that caucus. He said that he had been called a "bolt-er," a "White House Democrat," and that New York papers had gone so far as to say there had been an understanding between himself and the President, and that an understanding about patronage and the senator's reelection had been reached. In refutation of this charge, he said that he never had made but one request for

an official appointment by the President, and in that case the request was refused. The last interview he had with the President was a month ago, he said, and pertained to forest reserves. In that matter he felt that the President had transcended his authority, and he had so informed the President. There had been an emphatic exchange of views and a sudden termination of the interview, and he had not since met the chief executive. He confessed a warm friendship for the President, and felt that in the struggle he was making on economic lines he deserved support. "I admire and commend him for his brave position," he said.

Mr. Patterson said he expected the treaty to be amended. "I do not object to the main features of the treaty," he said.

Senator Daniel asked Mr. Patterson if he knew of any other Democratic senator who would vote for the treaty, but Patterson did not reply. Instead he referred to the charge made that he had deserted his party, and that he was in the habit of making party changes. He admitted that he had left the Democratic party in 1892, rather than support Grover Cleveland. In this connection he referred to Senator Tillman's course in his own state, and Mr. Tillman interrupted him with the remark that he "had eaten as much crow in submitting to party dictation as any man living."

"Did you like it?" asked Senator Spooner, and Tillman replied, "No, but I took it."

The digression caused a laugh which increased when Mr. Patterson remarked that he had eaten crow, but less than that taken by Mr. Tillman.

Mr. Patterson said he had booted some party nominations at home, and he expected to do so again. He said that the Democratic party might learn valuable lessons from the Republican party in dealing with the membership of the party. He especially commended that party for not having whole states bound and gagged by the unit rule in national conventions.

The President today sent to the senate the nomination of Brigadier General Frederick D. Grant to be Major General.

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**Smoot Hearing Resumed.**  
Washington, Feb. 7.—The hearing in the case of Senator Reed Smoot, which was resumed today before the Committee on Privileges and Elections, is likely to continue intermittently throughout the present session. The first witness was Prof. Walter N. Wolfe, former teacher of geology in Brigham Young College at Logan, Utah. He testified regarding polygamy, and said that to the best of his knowledge "Polygamous cohabitation has increased very materially since Utah was admitted as a state." He said that polygamy was even talked of with some freedom in Southern Utah and New Mexico.

Wolfe said he had gone through the temple twelve times, and gave the oath he was obliged to take. He said that he believed the seeds of treason were sown by the oath.

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**Sacrifice of Children.**  
Washington, D. C., Feb. 7.—That more than a million infants have been sacrificed to various concoctions known as soothing syrups and pain

killers, and over twice that number killed by impure milk, was the declaration made last night by Prof. H. W. Wiley, chief of the Chemistry bureau of the Department of Agriculture. "We do not know anything about the milk we have left at our homes or the conditions under which it is produced," he added, "and if we know nothing of fresh milk, our knowledge is more limited as to the product put in cans."

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**Uncle Sam to Take Charge.**  
Washington, Feb. 7.—The Venezuelan government has requested the U. S. government to take charge of its consulate in France. Secretary Root has decided to comply with the request, and will give the necessary instructions to the American ambassador in Paris.

New York, Feb. 7.—Oliver Tagney, former French charge de affaires at Caracas, Venezuela, who arrived last night on the steamer Zulla, talked briefly on conditions in Venezuela today. He expressed the opinion that the industrial classes in that country are not giving active support to the government's position on French affairs. He would express no opinion concerning the conditions under which he was forced to leave Venezuela until he conferred with the French ambassador at Washington.

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**ELABORATE RECEPTION.**

**Mrs. Payton and Mrs. Phillips Entertain in Honor of Two Brides.**

A reception was given Saturday afternoon from 3 till 5 o'clock by Mrs. B. D. W. Payton and Mrs. William W. Phillips at the residence of Mrs. Payton, corner of Fifth and Richardson. The reception was given in honor of Mrs. Cyrus James Leland and Mrs. Norvell Laidley Randolph. The house party consisted of Messrs. J. F. Patterson, R. S. Hamilton, McGaffey, Poe, Will Prager, J. R. Charles, Price, Mars, Kellahin.

Refreshments consisting of sandwiches, coffee, salted almonds and salted peanuts were served during the afternoon in the dining room by Misses Kessler, Johnson, Shaver and Gertrude Wiggins. Mrs. M. Price poured the coffee. Miss Bettie Ogle presided at the punch bowl in the hallway. Miss Prager had charge of the music. The entire house was darkened. The color scheme in the parlor was green, and it presented a very pleasing appearance. The candles had green shades, and the floral decorations in this room were carnations and ferns. The decorations and lights in the hallway were pink. The dining room was done in red and was decorated with beautiful geraniums and ferns.

Geo. A. Friedebloom, Grand Senior Sagamore of the Improved Order of Redmen, left last evening for Artesia, where he will meet Leon R. Godschaux, Great Sachem of the Reservation of New Mexico, for the purpose of organizing a tribe at Artesia.

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**U. S. WEATHER BUREAU.**  
(Local Report.)  
(Observation taken at 6 a. m.)  
Roswell, N. M., Feb. 7.—Temperature.—Max., 33; min., 20; mean, 26.  
Precipitation, .02; wind S., velocity 4 miles; weather clear.  
Forecast, Roswell and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Thursday; stationary temperature.  
M. WRIGHT,  
Official in Charge.

